

# Graphs of Sine and Cosine

6.3

1.11.16

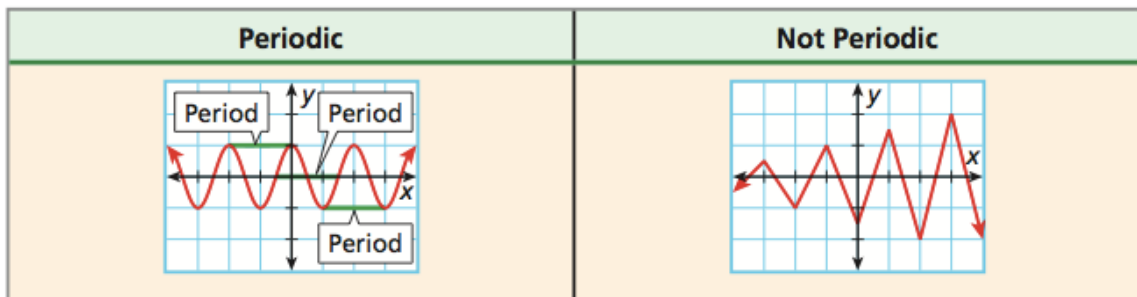
Lesson 3

## Warm-up

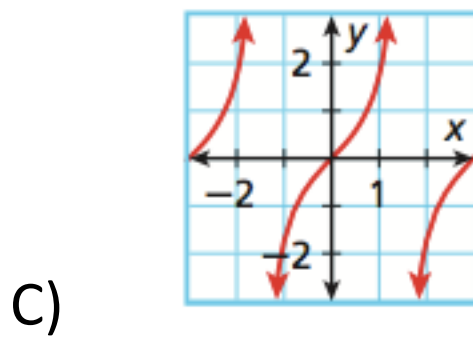
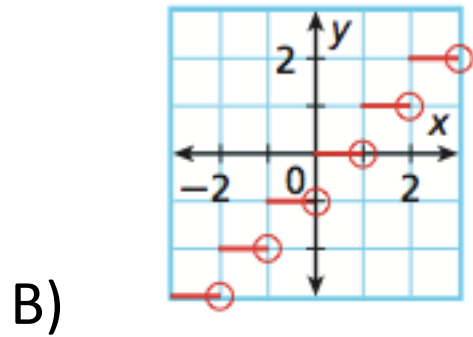
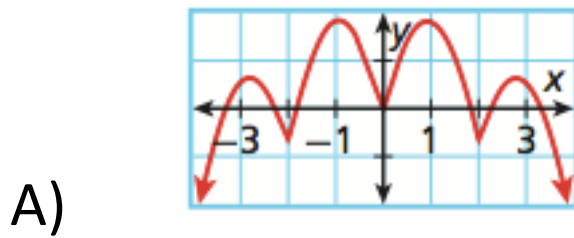
- 1) A DVD with a radius of 6 cm spins at rate of 23000 revolutions per minute. Find the linear speed.

Periodic functions are functions that repeat in regular intervals called **Cycles**.

The length of a cycle is called its **Period**.



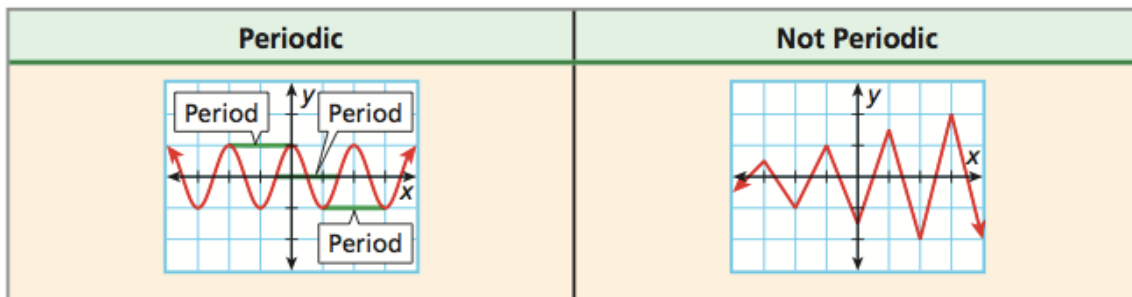
Which of these (if any) are periodic?



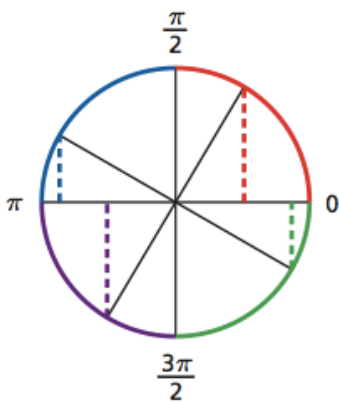
The ***Amplitude*** of cosine and sine functions is half of the difference between the

maximum and minimum values of the function. The amplitude is always positive.

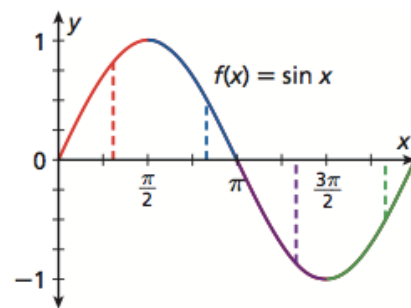
The **Midline** is the horizontal line that splits the graph in half vertically.



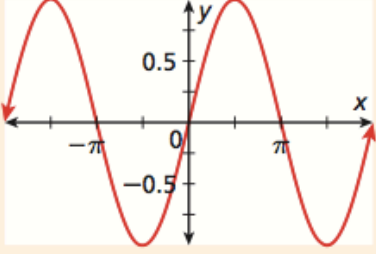
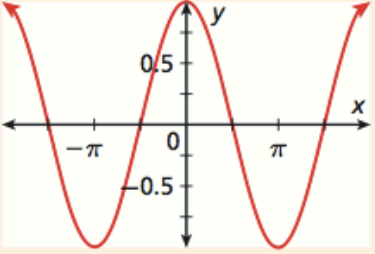
Sine and Cosine graphs are periodic!  
 Instead of simply using  $x$  and  $y$  to plot the coordinate, we use  
 $\theta$  for the  $x$  axis in radians, and  $\sin\theta$  for the  $y$  axis.

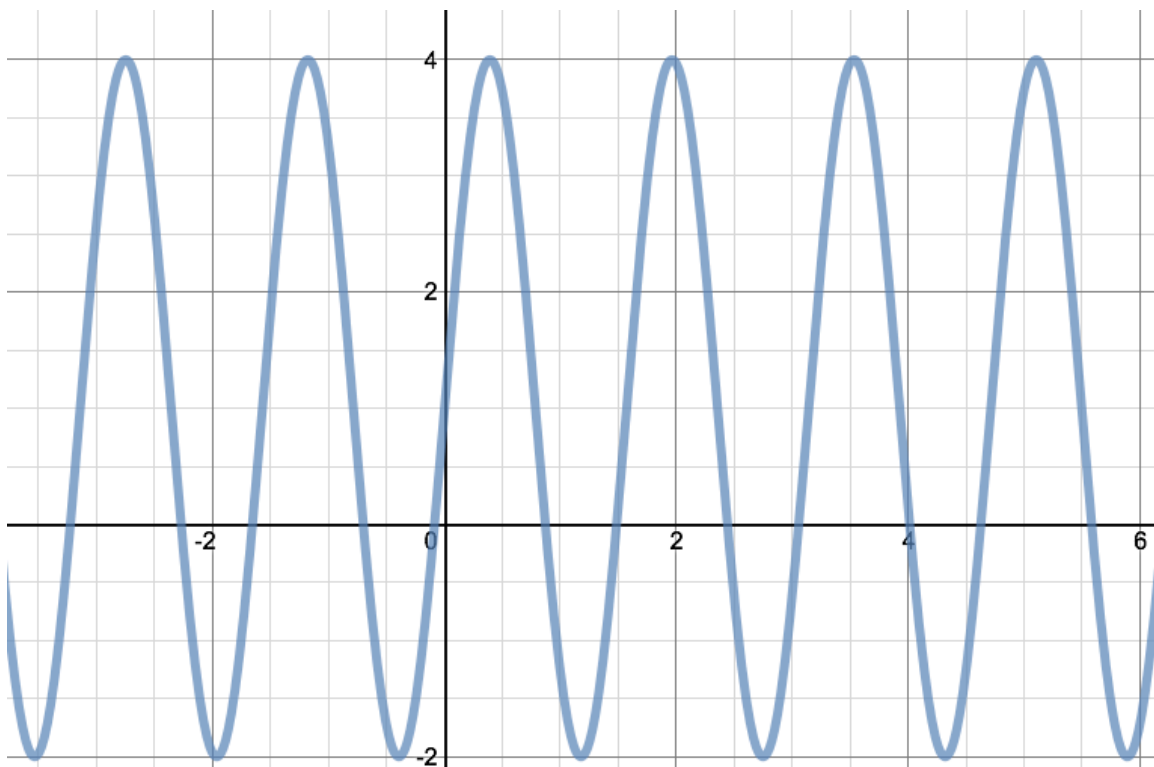


$x(=\theta)$	$y$
$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
$\frac{5\pi}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{4\pi}{3}$	$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
$\frac{11\pi}{6}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$



## Characteristics of the Graphs of Sine and Cosine

FUNCTION	$y = \sin x$	$y = \cos x$
GRAPH		
DOMAIN	$\{x   x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$\{x   x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
RANGE	$\{y   -1 \leq y \leq 1\}$	$\{y   -1 \leq y \leq 1\}$
PERIOD	$2\pi$	$2\pi$
AMPLITUDE	1	1



Amplitude:3

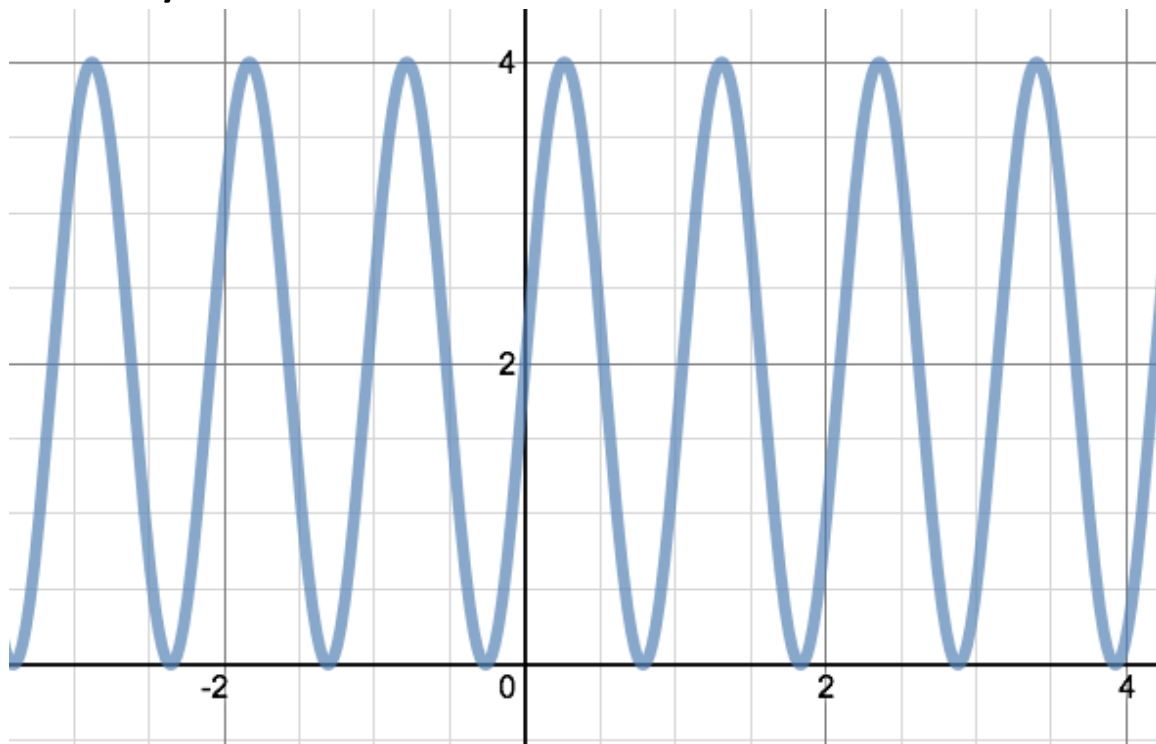
Period:2

Midline:  $y=1$

Maximum: 4

Minimum: -2

We try:



Amplitude:

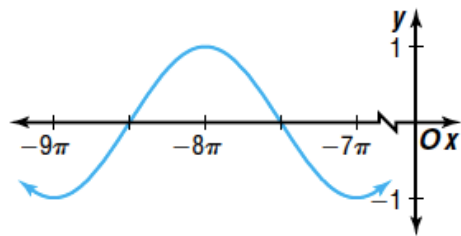
Period:

Midline:

Maximum:

Minimum:

Determine whether the graph represents  $y = \sin x$ ,  $y = \cos x$ , or neither.





I do:

Graph

$$Y = \sin x, \pi \leq x \leq 3\pi$$

We do:

Graph the following sine function.

$$y = \sin x, \frac{7\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{11\pi}{2}$$

Exit Slip

Graph

$$Y = \sin x, 2\pi \leq x \leq 4\pi$$