

5.10.17

Translation of Sine and Cosine Graphs

Springboard 34.5

Amplitude, Period, and translations of sine and cosine graphs

Warmup

1) Graph  $y = 2\sin 3x$

*Identify the amplitude, midline, and period.*

2) Graph  $y = -2\cos 2x$

*Identify the amplitude, midline, and period.*

3) What are some differences between sine and cosine graphs?

$$y = a \sin(b \theta - h) + k$$

**Amplitude:** Half of the difference between the maximum and minimum values of a sine or cosine function. It is always positive!

$$y = a \cos \theta$$

$$y = a \sin \theta$$

$|a|$ =amplitude.

I Try:

Find the amplitude of  $y = 20 \cos \theta$

Identify $ a $	a=
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We Try:

Find the amplitude of  $y = -10 \sin \theta$

*Find the amplitude of  $y = \cos \theta$*

**Period:** The length of the interval of the function.

The period for  $y = \sin b\theta$  and  $y = \cos b\theta$  is  $\frac{2\pi}{b}$ , where  $b > 0$ .

IF no b assume b=1

I Try:

Find the period of  $y = \cos 2\theta$ .

Identify b	
Period = $\frac{2\pi}{b}$	

We Try:

Find the period of  $y = \cos \pi\theta$ .

Identify b	
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Period = $\frac{2\pi}{b}$	
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You Try solo:

Find the period of  $y = \cos \frac{7\pi}{6} \theta$ .

Identify b	
Period = $\frac{2\pi}{b}$	

You Try SOLO

Find the amplitude and period of  $y = -3\sin \frac{\pi}{6} \theta$ .

## Vertical translation and horizontal translations

$$y = \sin b(\theta - h) + k$$
$$y = \cos b(\theta - h) + k$$

*vertical shift up for + k.*  
*vertical shift down for - k*

I do:

Graph  $y = \sin\theta + 3$

Identify the period, midline, and amplitude	
Graph the shape	
Add in the 4 points	

We do:  
Graph  $y = 2\cos 4\theta - 1$

Identify the period, midline, and amplitude	
Graph the shape	
Add in the points	

We do:  
Graph  $y = -3\sin\theta - 2$

Identify the period, midline, and amplitude	
Graph the shape	
Add in the points	

**Phase Shift: The horizontal translation of sine and cosine graphs**

$$y = \sin b(\theta - h) \text{ and } y = \cos b(\theta - h), b > 0.$$

Phase shift is  $\frac{h}{b}$ .

$-h$  shifts right

$+h$  shift left.

Your springboard book writes the functions a different way.

$$y = \sin b \left( \theta - \frac{h}{b} \right)$$

I do:

Find the phase shift of  $y = \cos (\theta - \pi)$

Graph the function.

Identify b and h	$b =$ $h =$
Phase shift = $\frac{h}{b}$	
Graph the parent function	



We do.

Find the phase shift of  $y = 5 \sin 2(\vartheta - \pi) + 3$

Graph the function.

Identify b and h	$b =$ $h =$
Phase shift = $\frac{h}{b}$	
Graph the parent function	
Apply transformations	

We do.

Find the phase shift of  $y = -2 \cos 3(\theta + \pi) - 4$

Graph the function.

Identify b and h	$b =$ $h =$
Phase shift = $\frac{h}{b}$	
Graph the parent function	
Apply Transformations	

We do.

Find the phase shift of  $y = -2 \sin 3 \left( \theta + \frac{\pi}{3} \right) + 1$

Graph the function.

Identify $b$ and $h$	$b =$ $h =$
Phase shift = $\frac{h}{b}$	
Graph the parent function	
Apply Transformations	

Exit Slip

Identify the

Amplitude, Phase Shift, Vertical Translation, and Period.

Graph the function.

$$y = 3\sin(\theta - \pi) + 2$$